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MOOCS: A NECESSITY IN HIGHER EDUCATION OF INDIA



How to Write Articles-

Here are a few basic steps to take to craft an interesting, informative article.

Method 1 of 3: Come Up With An Idea

1. Get to know your audience. Decide who you need to write for before proceeding with planning or writing an article. Identify the needs of your readership. What do your readers need to know? How does your own knowledge matchup against the information they need? This will be the easiest way for you to find a topic to write about
2. Be unique. If you are writing an article about something that other people are also writing about, try to be unique in how you approach the material
3. Be passionate. You should care about the topic you choose to write about. Your enthusiasm will show in your writing and it will be much more engaging for your readers

Method 2 of 3: Research Your Idea

1. Learn the basics. Get the general explanation of whatever you are trying to write about. This will give you a basic framework for what to look for as you research.
2. Find reliable sources. Now that you know what to look for, research your topic. You can use the internet, a library, conduct interviews, watch documentaries, or whatever you feel is appropriate to teach you everything you need to know about your topic. Be an expert!
3. Get different types of material. During your research, look for material that isn't text. This can be used or altered to add to your article.

Method 3 of 3: Write Your Article

1. Decide your length. Does this article have a word count? Do you need to fill a certain number of pages? Consider what type of content you're writing about and how much space that can fill, as well as how much needs to be written in order to cover the topic adequately, before proceeding with writing your article.
2. Outline your article. Before you begin formal writing, you will want to outline your article.
3. Edit your work. Before you submit your work, you will want to do some editing and revision. If time allows, wait for a day or two before editing
4. Respect the rights of other writers. If you are using information from an external source, be sure to cite the source at the bottom of the article.
5. Submit your work. When you've finished, submit your work in the appropriate manner.

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Happy Writing.....

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Happy Writing.....

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ABSTRACT:

MOOCs (Massive Open Online Courses) are distinct from other online education platforms as it has a structured platform, with a timeline, a traditional syllabus, structured discussion and assessment, which may be peer based and/or machine based. Being free, is in reach of anyone who is interested in learning and is having internet facility. The majority of the population in India earns less than \$2 a day, for them affording exorbitant fee of higher education will be impossible.

Abstract Report: The Title Accurately Said The Study was About.

INTRODUCTION:

Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs) are courses offered online by many Institutes and Universities through various platforms. These courses being online can be accessed by anyone who has internet connection with moderate speed. Most of the courses are free but some platforms may charge for certificates or credits, which may be acceptable by the universities for higher education.

Introduction Report: This Article Include Full Introduction, Methods, Results & Introduction Section.

METHODS & MATERIALS:

The proposed research is both quantitative and qualitative study derived from the different sources. To analyze comprehensively we have drawn various types of graphs for the data to be analysed. The data is collected from various official websites including United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific, Government of India, Reserve Bank of India etc.

Methods & Materials Report: Tables/Boxes/Diagram & Images are Used to Explain Specific Points or Background Information. Figures That The Plotted Parameters are Clearly Mentioned.

DISCUSSION:

We have elaborated various factors including demographic extremities in terms of populations and poverty, which will make the entry of the MOOCs friendly in India with certain constraints. MOOCs are distinct from other online education platforms as it has a structured platform, with a timeline, a traditional syllabus, structured discussion and assessment, which may be peer based and/or machine based. Since MOOCs are free and there is no penalty for failure to complete, many learners are enabled to drop in (and out) of courses at their own convenience and this should be a cause for educational celebration rather than criticism and represents learner choice and independence (Davis, Hugh et al., 2014). MOOCs promise to open up higher education by providing accessible, flexible, and affordable and fast track completion (Yuan and Powell, 2013).

Discussion Report: The Text is Rounded off with a Conclusion that Discusses the Implication of The Findings & Ideas Discussed & Their Impact on Future Research Direction.

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Reference Report: There are Places where the Author Gurpreet Singh Tuteja Need to Cite a Reference, but Have Not

SUMMARY OF ARTICLE

	Very High	High	Average	Low	Very Low
1. Interest of the topic to the readers	✓				
2. Originally & Novelty of the ideas	✓				
3. Importance of the proposed ideas		✓			
4. Timelines		✓			
5. Sufficient information to support the assertions made & conclusion drawn					
6. Quality of writing(Organization, Clarity, Accuracy Grammer)	✓				
7. References & Citation(Up-to-date, Appropriate Sufficient)			✓		

This Article is Innovative & Original, No Plagiarism Detected

FUTURE RESEARCH SUGGESTIONS

This Article can expand further research for MINOR/MAJOR Research Project at UGC

POST PUBLICATION:

Your article is published on following sites...you can read it.



Future Research Planning:

- 1. Career For Faculty (<http://academicprofile.org/Professor/CareerForFaculty.aspx>)
- 2. Academic Plan (<http://academicprofile.org/Professor/AcademicPlan.aspx>)
- 3. Regarding Professor Promotion (<http://academicprofile.org/Professor/regardingPromotion.aspx>)
- 4. Fellowship for Post Doctoral (<http://academicprofile.org/Professor/FellowshipForPD.aspx>)
- 5. Online Course on Research (<http://onlineresearch.in/Default.aspx>)